NEW RULES FOR WELFARE-TO-WORK PLANS

Most adults on CalWORKs must work or do welfare-to-work activities. There are new rules about the activities that must be in a welfare-to-work plan. *If you think you cannot do welfare-to-work, see the "Exemption" brochure.*

WHAT ARE THE NEW RULES?

- There is no time limit on training. You can get as much as you need, up to the 60-month limit of CalWORKs.
- The first 20 hours of your plan are supposed to be in "core" activities. These are mostly work-related. *There are important exceptions to this!*
- You county may allow you to have **study time** count towards your 32-35 hours. Ask for the county policy on study time. (SIPs don't get unsupervised study time; everyone else should be treated the same for study time.)

CORE AND NON-CORE ACTIVITIES

The welfare-to-work activities are now divided up into "core" and "non-core." The first 20 hours are supposed to be "core" hours. The rest of the hours can be core OR non-core, depending on what your employment assessment says you need. You have 32 hours for one-parent (or two parents if one can't work) or 35 for two parent families.

CORE

- Work (even if subsidized)
- Work-Study jobs
- On the Job Training (OJT)
- Self-Employment
- Unpaid work experience or Community Service
- Job Search
- Vocational Education (for only one year)*

*After 12 months, Vocational Ed. still counts, but only as noncore time. This is NOT a limit on doing vocational education.

Non-Core

School (time in classroom, lab, and internships)

- Vocational Education (after 12 months)
- Adult Basic Education (including ESL & GED)
- High School Diploma or GED program
- Job Skills Training
- Education Directly Related to Employment Services
- Domestic Violence services
- · Mental health services
- Substance abuse services

WHAT IF MY ASSESSMENT CALLS FOR A PROGRAM WITH TOO MANY "NON-CORE" HOURS?

Your assessment may be for non-core activities that take up more time than is left after the 20 core hours. There is a way that these extra hours can be done during the core time. *Use the worksheet on the back.*

PLAN TO BE BASED ON **YOUR** NEEDS

The welfare-to-work plan **must** be based on your assessment. If training or services can "roll over" and count towards core hours, your worker should not ask you to drop a training program or services to do work instead, or limit the time for your training or services to non-core time. If you don't agree with the assessment or plan, ask for a "Third Party Assessment."

Ask your worker to look at "ACL 07-03."

This letter says that CalWORKs rules, not federal rules, control what your plan is to look like.

NEW RULES DON'T APPLY TO SELF- INITIATED PROGRAMS (SIPS)

Self-Initiated Program ("SIPs") students can do their program until done, up to the 60 months CalWORKs limit. SIPs do not need to meet core/non core requirements. The 12 month limit on counting vocational education as core does not apply. There is no need for a new plan.

Having problems? Contact Legal Services:



WORK PLAN WORKSHEET

S	tep 1: Count your hours
V	Vhat does your assessment say you need? List the hours:
_	Core hours (Work, Work Study, On-the-job training, job search, or the first 12 months of Vocational Education)
_	Non-core hours (Vocational Ed <i>after 12 months</i> , other education programs, services (mental health, substance abuse or domestic violence) or other activities
A	lsk for a 3rd party assessment if you need more time in training, services or other non-core activity.
S	tep 2: Seeing if you need to "convert" your non-core hours
	s your Non-Core Time more than 12-15 hours? (12 for single parent; 15 for 2 parent families)
	No. Stop here. Your plan will be for what was listed in Step 1.
L	Yes. Go to Step 3 to see if you can count non-core activities as core time.
	If you have any Vocational ed classes that have already counted as core time for 12 months, you won't be able to count non-core activities as core time. You will need either to cut back on some other non-core activity or volunteer to do more than 32/35 hours a week.
S	tep 3: Counting Non-Core activities as Core time 1. List your non-core activities into education time, time getting services, and other activities:
	hours in Education (NOT Voc. Ed. after 12 months as core)
	hours in services (mental health, substance abuse or domestic violence)
	hours in other activities
	2. See if you can count your education hours towards "core" time. Check what applies.
	 You are in a degree or certificate program, and The program likely to lead to self-supporting work, and
	☐ You are making satisfactory progress in the program
C	Checked all 3 boxes? You can count any time in the education program as a core hour!
	3. See if you can count your service hours towards "core" time.
	☐ You need mental health, substance abuse and/or domestic violence services in order to do your
r	Core activities. Checked the box? You can count any time getting services as a core hour!
	necked the box: Tou can count any time getting services as a core nour:
	Example: Mary is assessed as needing a 25 hours/week Job Skills training. Her other time is to be in work
	experience in a related field. Mary is a single parent, and must do 32 hours of welfare-to-work.
	<u>Step 1</u> : 20 core hours (Work Experience) and 25 hours training (non-core) <u>Step 2</u> : Yes, Mary needs to "count" non-core hours as core. (She has 25 hours of non-core training, but only
	12 hours of non-core time.)
	Step 3: Yes, Mary can count her non-core time as a core hour if her training is a certificate or degree
	program, leading to employment, and she's making satisfactory progress. 25 hours of training 20 core hours
	- 12 hours as non-core time - 13 non-core counted as core hours
	13 hours can count as core time 7 core hours left for plan
	Mary's plan therefore would be: 25 hours of training (12 as non-core and 13 counted as core)